BOLTS AND BOLTING

Csaba Császár Hungarian Cave Rescue Service



BOLTS

- Reliable bolts and anchors not only increase safety but decreases the negative environmental impact on the caves to the minimum in the same time
- They are inevitable parts of our hardware
- We'll overview the different types and usages



Why does an anchor hold in base material?

There are three basic principles which make an anchor hold in base material

- **Friction**: the tensile load is transferred to the base material by friction. An expansion force is necessary.
- **Keying**: the tensile load is in equilibrium with the supporting forces
- **Bonding**: an adhesive bond is produced between the anchor rod and the hole wall by a syntetic resin adhesive.



Many anchors obtain their holding power from a combination of the above mentioned working principles.

Why an anchor does not hold in base material?

- Pull out
 - Lowest forces, soft base material, low friction
- Breaking of substrate
 - Low strength of substrate, too rigid substrate
 - Small edge distance, too high expansion force
- Steel failure

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- Breaking of the anchor, highest force

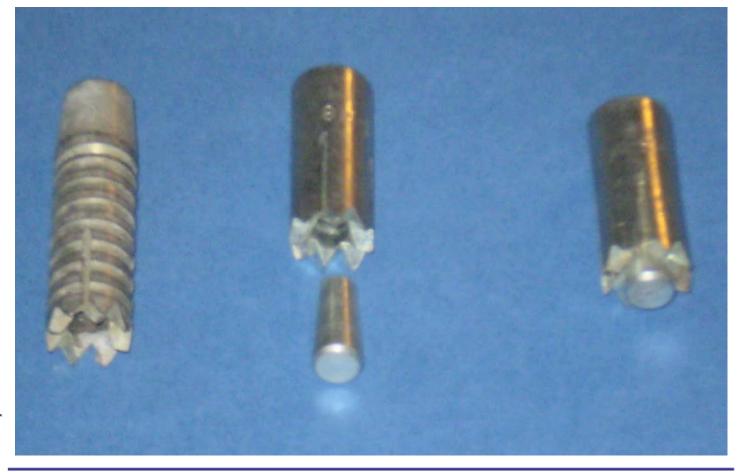


Anchor types

- Self drilling anchor 'Spit' (The Standard)
- Drop in / Push in /Hammer in Anchor
- Undercut anchors
- Expansion anchors
- Chemical anchors
- Removable anchors



SELF DRILLING ANCHOR 'SPIT'





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Self drilling anchor 'Spit'

- Proven
- Easy to use, no power tool needed
- The best tool to clean the rock surface
- Shallow embedment limits load capacity
- Doesn't fit to all possible rock types
- Limited lifetime (no stainless steel version)
 - •High price due to complicated manufacturing
 - •Single source (SPIT)



DROP IN / HAMMER IN / PUSH IN ANCHOR





Drop in / Hammer in / Push in Anchor

- Stainless steel version available
- Internal thread
- Shallow embedment
- High pressure to the rock (friction!)
- Needs additional setting tool
- Appliction: in hard rock



Petzl: Long Life, Raumer: Full Time (Maxi)

EXPANSION BOLTS / STUD ANCHOR / WEDGE BOLT

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Expansion bolts / Stud Anchor / Wedge bolt

- Industry proven
- Stainless steel and tension zone approved types
- Small drill hole diameter (= thread size)
- Easy manufacturing process, good price
- No special setting tool needed
- Not the best in soft rock
- Hanger removal can be difficult
- The stud can not be removed
 - Mungo Mr2-I with internal thread
 - Petzl Coeur Goujon
 - Application: allround



SLEEVE ANCHOR





Sleeve Anchor

- Known as 3 piece bolt as well
- Hole diameter is 2 mm bigger than thread
- Better in soft material than expansion bolts
- May be removed and reused
- Hilti: HLC; Fischerdübel: FSA
- Fixe Triplex
- Application:



- In soft rock
- Where removability is important

HIGH CAPACITY / SAFETY ANCHORS





High capacity / Safety anchors

- Known as 5 piece bolt as well
- Concrete tension zone approved
- High permissible loads and bending torque
- Works fine in soft rock
- Stainless steel versions
- High drill diameter (appr. 1.5Xthread diameter)
- Expensive

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- Application:
 - Where high loads are generated (Tyrolean ...)
 - In soft rock







Undercut Anchors

- Highest safety mechanical anchor types
- Need special tooling to install / produce undercut
 - Torque controlled undercut: Liebig Superplus
- High permisseble loads
- Low stress / stress free fixing
- Small edge and axle spacing
- Expensive

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- Fischerdübel FZEA
 - Hole and undercut are made with a special drill bit
 - Additional setting tool needed
 - Internally threaded, stainless steel version
 - Application: where safety rules

SCREW ANCHOR / CONCRETE SCREW





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Screw Anchor / Concrete Screw

- The special screw is driven into the hole
- Direct fastening into base material
- Small drill diameter (smaller than thread diameter)
- High quality steel (10.9 and 12.9)
- Some supplier have stainless steel versions
- Removable, reusable
- Small spacings and edge clearance
- Additional adhesive can be used to seal the hole
- Application:

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- Where drill diameter rules
- Removability is important
- Artificial step

CHEMICAL ANCHORS

- Works in hard and soft rock as well
- Stainless, one piece glue-in-bolts are available
- Stress free fixing
- Small edge and axle spacing
- Sealed hole
- Drill diameter like with the sleeve anchor
- Difficult technology
- Needs time for curing
- For long term installations
- Different systems and chemistries
- Application: long term installations







Chemical anchors

- Anchor
 - Bolts, Threaded bars, Ring bolts, Bolt hangers, Tension zone approved adhesive anchors
- Adhesive
 - Resin + Hardener + Filler+ Other additives
- Package of adhesive
 - Capsules
 - Twin Packs (dispensing gun, static mixer)
 - Separate containers





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Adhesive capsules

- Fast curing
- No additional glue gun needed
- Overhead application possible
- Mixing: anchor should be driven into the capsule with hammer drill to gain correct mixing
- Least vaste



Twin packs

- The glue is dispensed with a glue gun
- The mixing is done in a static mixer
- Different chemistries, different dispense guns
- Fast curing chemistries \rightarrow frequent mixer change



Separate containers

- Eg.: Epoxies (Sikadur C31)
- Epoxies must be mixed well (Mixing ratio!)
- Lot of vaste
- Filling up of the hole has difficulties



Glue in Bolts

Designed for rock climbing

- Petzl
- Raumer
- Fixe
- Cassin
- Kong
- Austrialpin / Stubai / Salewa
- Singing Rock



Glue in Bolts

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